

15MAT41 USN

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 **Engineering Mathematics – IV**

Max. Marks: 80 Time: 3 hrs.

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module. 2. Use of statistical tables is permitted.

a. Employ Taylor's series method to find y at x = 0.1. Correct to four decimal places given 1 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2y + 3e^x$; y(0) = 0. (05 Marks)

Using Runge Kutta method of order 4, find y(0.2) for $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$; y(0) = 1, taking h = 0.2.

(05 Marks)

If $y' = 2e^x - y$; y(0) = 2, y(0.1) = 2.010, y(0.2) = 2.040 and y(0.3) = 2.090. Find y(0.4)using Milne's predictor corrector formula. Apply corrector formula twice. (06 Marks)

Use Taylor's series method to find y(4.1) given that $(x^2 + y)y' = 1$ and y(4) = 4. (05 Marks) 2

Using modified Euler's method find y at x = 0.1, given $y' = 3x + \frac{y}{2}$ with y(0) = 1, h = 0.1. b. (05 Marks) Perform two iterations.

Find y at x = 0.4 given $y' + y + xy^2 = 0$ and $y_0 = 1$, $y_1 = 0.9008$, $y_2 = 0.8066$, $y_3 = 0.722$ taking h = 0.1 using Adams-Bashforth method. Apply corrector formula twice.

Module-2

a. Given $y'' = xy'^2 - y^2$ find y at x = 0.2 correct to four decimal places, given y = 1 and y' = 03 (05 Marks) when x = 0, using R-K method.

b. If α and β are two distinct roots of $J_n(x) = 0$, then prove that $\int x J_n(\alpha x) J_n(\beta x) dx = 0$ (05 Marks) if $\alpha \neq \beta$.

c. If $x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1 = ap_0(x) + bp_1(x) + cp_2(x) + dp_3(x)$ then, find the values of a, b, c, d. (06 Marks)

a. Apply Milne's method to compute y(0.8) given that y'' = 1 - 2yy' and the table.

X	0	0.2	0.4	0.6
y	0	0.02	0.0795	0.1762
y'	0	0.1996	0.3937	0.5689

Apply corrector formula twice.

(05 Marks)

b. Show that
$$J_{\frac{1}{2}}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \sin x$$
. (05 Marks)

c. Derive Rodrigue's formula
$$P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} [(x^2 - 1)^n].$$
 (06 Marks)

- Module-3

 a. Define analytic function and obtain Cauchy Riemann equation in Cartesian form. (05 Marks)
 - b. Evaluate $\int_{C}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + \cos \pi z^2}{(z-1)^2(z-2)} dz$; c is the circle |z| = 3 by using theorem Cauchy's residue.

(05 Marks)

Discuss the transformation $w = e^x$ with respect to straight line parallel to x and y axis.

(06 Marks)

- Find the analytic function whose real part is $u = \frac{x^4y^4 2x}{x^2 + y^2}$. (05 Marks)
 - b. State and prove Cauchy's integral formula. (05 Marks)
 - c. Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points z = 1, i, -1 into w = 2, i, -2.

- Find the constant c, such that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx^2, & 0 < x < 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ is a p.d.f. Also compute $p(1 \le x \le 2), p(x \le 1), p(x > 1)$
 - (05 Marks) b. If the probability of a bad reaction from a certain injection is 0.001, determine the chance that out of 2000 individuals, more than two will get a bad reaction. (05 Marks)
 - c. x and y are independent random variables, x take the values 1, 2 with probability 0.7; 0.3 and y take the values -2, 5, 8 with probabilities 0.3, 0.5, 0.2. Find the joint distribution of x and y hence find cov(x, y). (06 Marks)

- Obtain mean and variance of binomial distribution. 8 (05 Marks)
 - The length of telephone conservation in a booth has been an exponential distribution and found on an average to be 5 minutes. Find the probability that a random call made from this booth (i) ends less than 5 minutes. (ii) between 5 and 10 minutes. (05 Marks)
 - The joint distribution of two discrete variables x and y is f(x, y) = k(2x + y) where x and y are integers such that $0 \le x \le 2$; $0 \le y \le 3$. Find: (i) The value of k; (ii) Marginal distributions of x and y; (iii) Are x and y independent? (06 Marks)

- Explain the terms: (i) Null hypothesis; (ii) Type I and type II errors; (iii) Significance level.
 - b. A die thrown 9000 times and a throw of 3 or 4 was observed 3240 times. Is it reasonable to think that the die is an unbiased one? (05 Marks)
 - Find the unique fixed probability vector for the regular Stochastic matrix:

- 10 a. A certain stimulus administered to each of the 12 patients resulted in the following change in blood pressure 5, 2, 8, -1, 3, 0, 6, -2, 1, 5, 0, 4. Can it be concluded that the stimulus will increase the blood pressure. $(t_{0.05} \text{ for } 11 \text{ d.f} = 2.201)$
 - b. It has been found that the mean breaking strength of a particular brand of thread is 275.6 gms with $\sigma = 39.7$ gms. A sample of 36 pieces of thread showed a mean breaking strength of 253.2 gms. Test the claim at 1+.. and 5-l. level of significance.
 - A man's smoking habits are as follows. If he smokes filter cigarettes one week, he switches to non filter cigarettes the next week with probability 0.2. One the other hand, if he smokes non filter cigarettes one week there is a probability of 0.7 that he will smoke non filter cigarettes the next week as well. In the long run how often does he smoke filter cigarettes?

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